

RTI MATTER/TIME BOUND

No.A-43020/01/2013-RTI
Government of India/Bharat Sarkar
Ministry of Home Affairs/Grih Mantralaya

Sl No 142

New Delhi, dated 21/5/2013

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Application of Shri/Smt./Ms. Rambhajan Yadav under the RTI Act, 2005.

The undersigned is directed to forward herewith an application dated 14/5/2013 under the RTI Act, 2005 from Shri/Smt./Ms. Rambhajan Yadav (received in this Ministry on 17/5/2013 by transfer from) to PS-2 Division for providing information, as the requested information pertains to/more closely related to the functions of the said Division. It is requested that if the subject matter pertains to any other CPIO/Public Authority, the application may be forwarded/transferred directly to that Authority under intimation to the applicant.

2. The applicant has paid the requisite fee of Rs.10/- vide Receipt No. 24631 dated 21/5/2013 (enclosed)/not paid the fee since he/she belongs to BPL category.

Sanjoy Mitra
(Sanjoy Mitra)
Under Secretary to the Govt of India.

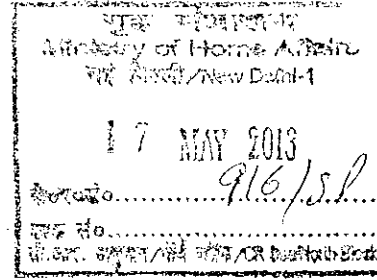
To: Director (PS-2), PS-2 Division
Min. Home Affairs, North Block
New Delhi

RTI-142/Dir(PS-2)/13
28/5/13

Copy for information to:
Shri/Smt./Ms. Rambhajan Yadav
A-302, Mirasapur, Ramdas Park Lane
Opp. Uco Bank Road, Bhayander East
Thane, Maharashtra-401105

(He/She is requested to contact the above mentioned CPIO/Public Authority for further information in the matter).

Speed Post



To,
The Central Public Information Officer
Ministry of Home Affairs,
Government of India,
North Block,
New Delhi -110 001

3194/RTI/2013
17/5/13

Dear Sir,

Reg: Application for obtaining information U/s 6 & 7 of the RTI Act, 2005

1. Name of Applicant: Mr. Ramsagar Yadav.
2. Address: A-302, Mirasagar, Ramdeo Park Lane, Opp. UCO Bank Road, Bhayander (E), Thane. Maharashtra - 401105
3. Particulars of Information required / sought
 - (i) Subject - Interception of communication & use of call data records by SEBI.
 - (ii) Period to which information relates: 1st January 2008 to 31st March 2013.
 - (iii) Category / Description of Information required / sought for:
 - a. Copies of correspondence between Ministry of Home Affairs and / or Department of Telecommunication and / or Department of Economic Affairs and / or and or Ministry of Communication & IT and / or any other Department / Ministries for appointment / recommendation of SEBI as authorized enforcement agency for interception and monitoring of communication as per the Indian Telegraph 1885 (Sub-section 2 of Section 5) including for obtaining call data records from telecom service providers.
 - b. Copies of internal file notings of the Ministry of Home Affairs relating to this subject

Copies of correspondence between SEBI, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Home Affairs and Department of Telecommunication on this subject are enclosed for your ready reference – Total 12 letters – Total pages 16

4. Mode of Information: By post
5. Whether Applicant is below poverty line: No

6. Whether fee has been paid: Enclosed Indian Postal Order bearing reference no. 0, 998766 of Rs. 10/-
7. Specific details of information (if any): As mentioned in paras 3 (iii) above.
8. Particulars of identity of Applicant: Resident of Mumbai, Maharashtra, India
9. Whether the same information had been sought previously: No
10. Address at which the information shall be sent: A-302, Mirasagar, Ramdeo Park Lane, Opp. UCO Bank Road, Bhayander (E), Thane, Maharashtra - 401105
11. Name of the Office / Deptt. to which information relates: Home Secretary / Jt. Secretary.

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 14, 2013



Ramsagar Yadav
A-302, Mirasagar, Ramdeo Park Lane,
Opp. UCO Bank Road, Bhayander East,
Thane, Maharashtra - 401105

G. ANITHARAMAN
FULL TIME MEMBER

संघीय सुरक्षा
और विनिमय बोर्ड
*Securities and Exchange
Board of India*

ISD/113110/2008
January 09, 2008

Shri Siddhartha Behura
Secretary
Department of Telecommunications
Sanchar Bhawan
20, Ashoka Road
New Delhi - 110001

Sir,

As you may be aware, SEBI is mandated to protect the interest of investors and regulate the securities market. Towards this end, one of the activities involves market surveillance to detect and prevent market manipulations in order to maintain orderly conduct and integrity in the securities market. For the purpose of prompt surveillance and effective investigations, examination of various documents including telephone records of suspected persons are crucial to establish the role of market manipulators, especially in insider trading cases. I therefore request you to include SEBI in the permitted list of Law Enforcement agencies, which would enable SEBI to summon for Call Data Record (CDR) from licensed service providers.

Yours faithfully,



G. ANITHARAMAN



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनियम बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

CS/2009/
May 12, 2009

Dear Shri Chawla,

Please recall our discussions in the meeting with senior officers on March 18, 2009 when you visited SEBI.

2. We had highlighted the fact that as per extant procedures, the telephone agencies share their Call Data Records only with Law Enforcement Agencies specifically authorized by Department of Telecommunications. Similarly Internet Service Providers are also obliged to disclose email records only to those agencies specifically included in the list approved by Government. SEBI is not on the list of such approved enforcement agencies. Some Telephone/Internet Service Providers have expressed unwillingness to share the Call Data Records/Email records, on this ground. We are given to understand that these lists are approved as part of the licensing agreement which Telephone Service Providers/Internet Service Providers enter into with Government and its agencies.

3. This refusal to share telephone/email records has many a time, impeded the course of effective investigation by officers of SEBI into cases of suspected market manipulation or fraud.


4. In this connection, kind attention is drawn to this office letter ISD/113110/2008 dated January 9, 2008 (copy enclosed) requesting that SEBI should also be included in the list of Law Enforcement Agencies that can requisition Call Data Records from Licensed Service Providers.

5. Our experience has been that most modern day instances of fraud involve extensive use of telephone and emails. Therefore, it becomes imperative that SEBI is given these powers to requisition telephone/email data from service providers to enable it to undertake its statutory regulatory functions efficiently.

6. I request you to take up the matter with Department of Telecommunications and ensure that SEBI is also included in the list of authorized enforcement agencies that can call for telephone/email records.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,


C. B. Bhawe

Shri Ashok Chawla
Secretary
Department of Economic Affairs
Ministry of Finance, North Block,
New Delhi 110 001

सेबी भवन, प्लॉट नं. सी 4-ए, "जे" ब्लॉक, बान्द्रा कुर्या कॉम्प्लेक्स, बान्द्रा (पूर्व), मुंबई - 400 051. दूरभाष: 2644 9999 / 4045 9999
फैक्स: 2644 9003 • ई-मेल: chairman@sebi.gov.in • वेब: www.sebi.gov.in

SEBI Bhavan, Plot No. C4-A, "B" Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051. • Tel.: 2644 9999 / 4045 9999
Fax: 2644 9003 • E-mail: chairman@sebi.gov.in • Web: www.sebi.gov.in



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनियम बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

EDL/CS/167302/2009

June 24, 2009

Dear Shri Chawla,

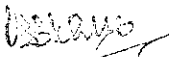
Pursuant to my letter dated May 12, 2009 to you, regarding SEBI's power to requisition Call Data Records (CDR), it is understood that the Ministry of Home Affairs has not agreed to our request. Further, they have opined that SEBI can obtain CDR information as per the procedure of Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC).

2. I may clarify that SEBI does not have the powers under CrPC. SEBI only has powers of a civil court under Section 11(3) of the SEBI Act, 1992 in respect of certain matters. However SEBI has been seeking CDR details from telecom operators using the powers of investigation under Section 11C of the SEBI Act. Under this provision, the Investigating Authority may require any intermediary or "any person associated with securities market in any manner" to furnish information considered necessary for the purposes of investigation. It is possible for telecom companies to argue that they are not persons associated with the securities market though the information they possess is relevant for the purpose of SEBI inquiry.

3. We are proposing necessary amendments to the SEBI Act explicitly empowering SEBI to call for such information. I would like to reiterate that in order to conduct effective investigations into fraud and insider trading in particular, telephone/email data from service providers, is imperative. The amendments to the SEBI Act would take some time. It is not desirable to render SEBI ineffective in the meantime. I request you to take up the matter with the Ministry of Home Affairs and the Ministry of Communications & IT for reconsideration of the decision.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,


C. B. Bhawe

Shri Ashok Chawla
Secretary - (Finance)
Department of Economic Affairs
Ministry of Finance
Government of India
North Block, New Delhi 110 001



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनियम बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

EDL/CS/187781/2009
December 16, 2009

Dear *Shri Chawla*,

This has reference to your letter dated July 4, 2009 on the issue of including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in the list of law enforcement /investigating agencies maintained by the Department of Telecommunications for facilitating receipt of e-mails and Call Data Records (CDR) from the service providers.

2. Given the complexity of modern financial crimes, I would like to reiterate that it is vital for SEBI to have the powers to call for Call/Electronic data records. I should also emphasize here that what we have sought is not the power to tap or intercept calls/electronic data flows, but only the powers to call for such data from the service providers as this becomes necessary for our investigations.

3. Furthermore, if we have to fully live upto the responsibilities arising from the membership in FATF that we are currently seeking, it becomes all the more important that SEBI as the regulator of the securities market, should be sufficiently empowered in this regard.

4. I request you to take up the matter once again with the Ministry of Home Affairs for getting SEBI authorized as one of the agencies empowered for calling for the data from the relevant service providers.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

C. B. Bhave

Shri Ashok Chawla
Secretary (Finance)
Department of Economic Affairs
Ministry of Finance
Government of India
North Block, New Delhi- 110001



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनियम बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

SEBI/CBB/KMA/2009/189320
December 30, 2009

Dear Shri Chawla,

This has reference to your letters D.O. No. 2/3/2009 dated July 4, 2009 and F.No. 2/03/2009-RE dated December 16, 2009 on the issue of including Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in the list of law enforcement /investigating agencies maintained by the Department of Telecommunications that are allowed access to e-mail and Call Data Records(CDR) from the service providers.

In your letter dated December 16, 2009, SEBI has been advised to utilize the services of agencies already authorized for monitoring of telecommunications including Department of Revenue Intelligence (DRI) and Enforcement Directorate(ED). SEBI needs access to e-mail/CDR data only where needed for any of its investigations. For this reason, I would like to point out that having to make a requisition to another investigative agency for getting information that might often be critical to an investigation may neither be practicable or desirable. Furthermore, currently Internet Service Providers are liable to retain email transmissions only for a specified number of days. In that case, there is a real danger that the required data will no longer be available by the time a request made by SEBI is agreed to by DRI/ED.

Furthermore, having to rely on another agency to get access to data required during the course of investigation considerably detracts from the efficiency of the process and in fact might even compromise the quality of the investigation.

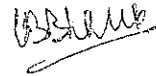
Given the complexity of financial offences, speedy access to information that could potentially have considerable evidentiary value, is of the vital essence in investigation. Our experience in the recent past bears this out fully. Moreover, given the responsibility cast on SEBI as the regulator of the securities market and considering that Government is seeking membership in FATF, it is imperative that SEBI be sufficiently empowered to obtain e-mail/call data information, necessary to detect and check financial crimes in the securities market. I would like to reiterate that what we have sought for, is not the power to tap or intercept calls/electronic data flows, but only the powers to call for such data from the service providers as would be necessary for our investigations.

...2/-

I request you to take up the matter once again with the Ministry of Home Affairs for getting SEBI authorized as one of the agencies empowered for calling for the data from the service providers.

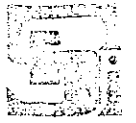
With regards.

Yours sincerely,



C.B. Bhawe

Shri Ashok Chawla
Secretary (Finance)
Department of Economic Affairs
Ministry of Finance
Government of India
North Block
New Delhi - 110001



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनियम बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

OW/2593/2010
April 26, 2010

This has reference to letters D.O. No. 2/3/2009 dated July 4, 2009 and F.No. 2/03/2009-RE dated December 16, 2009 on the issue of including Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in the list of law enforcement / investigating agencies maintained by the Department of Telecommunications that are allowed access to e-mail and Call Data Records (CDR) for the service providers.

We had been informed vide letter dated December 16, 2009, that the matter had been examined by the Ministry of Home Affairs and that the Ministry of Home Affairs had advised that SEBI may utilize the services of the agencies authorized for monitoring of telecommunication. We were also further advised vide the said letter that SEBI may route their monitoring requirement through Department of Revenue Intelligence (DRI) and Enforcement Directorate (ED), the two agencies under MoF, which are in the list of designated security agencies authorized for monitoring of telecommunications.

SEBI had accordingly requested Department of Revenue Intelligence (DRI) and Enforcement Directorate (ED) to obtain and provide the CDRs required in two major investigation cases. We have been unsuccessful in obtaining the data. Therefore, routing of SEBI's request through designated agencies like DRI and ED has not proved effective.

I would like to point out that the cases taken by investigation typically pertain to market fraud and insider trading. Once it is prima facie evident that an entity is involved in such financial crimes, SEBI as a first emergency measure bans such an entity from dealing in the securities market. This is done to prevent unsuspecting investors from falling prey to fraud and manipulation by the guilty. Delays in getting information from telephone providers in time, would mean that the guilty remain at large in the securities market, free to cause irreparable harm and loss to genuine investors.

Furthermore, having to route requests through another agency to access data with evidentiary value, for purposes of investigation by SEBI, will considerably affect and even compromise the quality of investigations. Financial markets are completely electronic now. Investment strategies and transactions



based on rapid computer, telephone and mobile transactions. Given the extensive use of advanced technology in the financial markets, it follows that financial crime has become equally sophisticated. Therefore it is imperative that the Securities Market Regulator is armed with powers to access data required for its investigations.

It would be appropriate to mention here that as per sub-section 2 of Section 5 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 Government can legally take possession of licensed telegraphs and also intercept messages. Section 5 therefore pertains to live interception and tapping of telephonic conversations. It does not in any way prohibit sharing of static data like Call Data Records (CDRs), Know Your Client (KYCs), etc. in the Indian Telegraph Act. However, the Department of Telecommunications has issued a clarification to telecommunication service providers (copy enclosed) that even such static data should be furnished only to the designated agencies in their list. I am of the view that Section 5(2) is unfortunately being misinterpreted to deny SEBI, access to such critical information required for its investigation.

I would like to emphasize here that SEBI is not seeking powers either for interception or for monitoring of calls and emails. What is sought by SEBI is merely the power to seek static information like CDRs and KYCs. I request you to take up the matter once again with the Ministry of Home Affairs for getting SEBI authorized as one of the agencies empowered for called for data from the service providers.

Yours sincerely,

C. B. Bhawe

Shri Ashok Chavla
Finance Secretary
Department of Economic Affairs
Ministry of Finance
Government of India
North Block, New Delhi - 110 001



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनियम बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

OW/2594/2010

April 26, 2010

Dear Shri Pillai,

I am enclosing herewith a copy of my letter to Shri Ashok Chawla, Finance Secretary.

The Ministry of Home Affairs had taken a view that SEBI should obtain access to cell phone records through the agencies already authorized to obtain such access. We find that this suggestion does not work in practice. This has severely handicapped our capacity in investigating matters. As you can see from the letter SEBI is not asking either the power to intercept calls or to listen to the conversation. I would be grateful if the Ministry reviews its decision in the matter, so that SEBI can carry out its investigation in an effective manner.

Yours sincerely,

C. B. Bhav

Shri G. K. Pillai,
Home Secretary,
Ministry of Home Affairs,
Government of India,
North Block,
New Delhi – 110 001.



भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड
Securities and Exchange Board of India

OW/21451/2010
September 29, 2010

Dear Shri Pillai,

This is to follow up on the meeting that you had with Dr K M Abraham, Whole Time Member, when he called on you on September 3, 2010 to explain the request of SEBI that it be allowed to seek and obtain Call Data Records from telephone companies and internet services under the Telecommunications Act. Call Data Records have become very important of late in the investigations conducted by SEBI. Modern day crimes in the securities market are largely based on extremely fast transactions supported by use of technology and communications both voice and data. There are several cases in which SEBI finds it almost impossible to do a complete investigation in the absence of accessibility to such relevant Call Data Records.

I welcome your suggestion that you would call for a meeting to work out a practical solution to the problem that SEBI is facing. I look forward to hearing from you on this. Copies of letters to Finance Secretary are also enclosed.

Warm regards,

Yours sincerely,

C B BHAVE

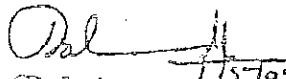
Shri G K Pillai
Home Secretary
Ministry of Home Affairs
Government of India
North Block
New Delhi 110001

Government of India
Ministry of Communications & IT
Department of Telecommunications
Licensing Group (Access Services Cell)
Room. No. 719, Sanchar Bhawan
20, Ashoka Road, New Delhi-110001

Sub: Inclusion of SEBI in Department of Telecommunications List of Enquiry and Enforcement Authorities-reg.

In reference to your letter no. 2/3/2009-RE dated 24.03.2009 regarding the subject mentioned above; the undersigned is directed to say that :

2. Law Enforcement Agencies have been authorised by the Ministry of Home Affairs for interception and monitoring as per Indian Telegraph 1885 Sub-section 2 of Section 5.
3. CDR information can be obtained as per the procedure of Criminal Procedure Code.
5. MHA was also consulted & has not been agreed to.


(Dalvir Singh)
Director (AG.II)
Tel No. 011-23711003

✓ CKG Nain, Director, CIA Division, Deptt. of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance.
No. 1549/2004/BS.II/Vol.II/323 dated: 1st May 2009

चावला
K CHAWLA

वित्त सचिव
वित्त मंत्रालय
भारत सरकार
नॉर्थ ब्लॉक, नई दिल्ली-110001
FINANCE SECRETARY
MINISTRY OF FINANCE
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NORTH BLOCK, NEW DELHI-110001
Tel : 23092611 Fax : 23094075

July 4, 2009

Dear

I am writing on the issue of including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in the list of law enforcement / investigating agencies maintained by the Department of Telecommunications for facilitating obtaining telephone / email records automatically from the service providers.

2. As you are aware, SEBI is the regulator of the securities market. With the growing importance of financial markets the prevention and prosecution of large scale financial crimes using hi-technology communications systems need an equal empowerment of the regulatory agency to facilitate discharging its constitutional function. You would also agree that speedy availability of records to the investigating agencies is also essential to avoid the track being lost. SEBI could crack some of the recent episodes of financial crimes because of the voluntary submission of Call Data Records (CDR) by some of the telecom service providers.
3. We had approached the DOT in this regard. DOT, apparently in consultation with MHA, have not agreed to include SEBI in the list of authorised agencies who could automatically call for such data from the service providers. They suggested that the process of Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC) may be followed for obtaining the data. SEBI does not have powers under CrPC. Obtaining the information through the Courts is lengthy and that amount of time is not available to agencies investigating financial crimes and frauds of the modern type, as evidence can be easily tampered with, in a short time. SEBI needs to be empowered in all possible ways in facilitating to obtain the call and electronic communication records in preventing / detecting financial crimes.
4. I may add that the facility of real time online recording of calls may not be needed for SEBI; it needs only such records on demand. I would,

Cont/d.....2/-

Therefore, request you to consider including SEBI as one of the agencies authorised to call for call and electronic communication records from such service providers, given the responsibilities of SEBI in our financial system.

5. I am endorsing a copy of this letter to Secretary, Department of Telecommunications.

Yours sincerely,

-Sd-

(Ashok Chawla)

Shri Gopal K. Pillai
Home Secretary
Ministry of Home Affairs
North Block
New Delhi - 110 001

Copy to:

- (1) Shri Siddhartha Behura, Secretary, Department of Telecommunications, Sanchar Bhawan, 20, Ashoka Road, New Delhi - 110 001.
- ✓(2) Shri C.B. Bhave, Chairman, Chairman, Securities and Exchange Board of India, SEBI Bhavan, Plot No. C-4A, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400051 - for information.

Regards,


(Ashok Chawla)

F.No. 2/03/2009-RE
Ministry of Finance
Dept. of Economic Affairs
RE Section

Dated 16th December, 2009
North Block New Delhi.

To,

The Chairman
Securities and Exchange Board of India
SEBI Bhawan, Plot No. C-4 A, G Block
Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East)
Mumbai- 400051.

Sub: Inclusion of SEBI in the list of law enforcement/investigating agencies maintained by DoT for facilitating obtaining telephone/email records automatically from the service providers..

Sir,

In continuation of Finance Secretary's D.O. letter No. 2/3/2009- RE dated 4th July, 2009 on the above mentioned subject endorsed to Chairman SEBI, I am directed to say that the matter has been ~~re-~~ examined in the Ministry of Home Affairs. They have advised that SEBI may utilize services of the agencies already authorized for monitoring of telecommunication. Department of Revenue Intelligence (DRI) and Enforcement Directorate (ED), two agencies under Ministry of Finance are in the list of designated security agencies authorized for monitoring of telecommunications. SEBI may route their monitoring requirement through these monitoring agencies.

Yours Faithfully,


(A.K. Sinha)

Under Secretary to the Govt of India
Tel No. 23095060

वित्त विभाग
वित्त विभाग
भारत सरकार
नॉर्थ ब्लॉक, नई दिल्ली-110001
FINANCE SECRETARY
MINISTRY OF FINANCE
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NORTH BLOCK, NEW DELHI-110001
Tel: 23092811 Fax: 23094078

July 12, 2010

आवली
AK CHAWLA

Dear

I am writing on the issue of including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in the list of enforcement agencies authorised to obtain Call Records Data (CRD) and other electronic communications from the service providers. We have written to the DoT on this issue earlier too a few times including a D.O. letter dated July 4, 2009 from me to your predecessor. The advice of the DoT was to follow the Cr.PC which SEBI did not find practical, given the speed with which they need the information.

2. The reasons for seeking these powers for SEBI had been fully explained in the earlier communications referred to in the above para. However, for ready reference, I am attaching a copy of the letter dated April 26, 2010 from Chairman, SEBI, which explains the reasons fully.

3. In parallel, we have been consulting the Ministry of Home Affairs on the issue. The latest reply from the Home Secretary reiterates that the agencies need to be specifically empowered under Section 5(2) of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885. Statutory agencies mandated to tackle financial crimes and protecting investors' interests should be provided full support and operators and service providers should not deny relevant information to such agencies.

4. It is understood that the DoT is proposing to make certain amendments to the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885. While doing so, I would urge you to include SEBI as one of the agencies authorised to receive the CRD.

5. I am endorsing a copy of this letter to Chairman, SEBI as well to facilitate them to give any further information / details as you may require.

Yours sincerely,

sd/-
(Ashok Chawla)

Shri P.J. Thomas
Secretary
Department of Telecommunications
Sanchar Bhawan
20, Ashoka Road
New Delhi

Encl: As stated

cc: Shri C.B. Bhave, Chairman, Securities and Exchange Board of India,
SEBI Bhavan, Plot No. C-4A, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051

Yours,


(Ashok Chawla)

RTI Matter
By Speed Post

No. II.20034/35/2013-IS.II/M
Government of India
Ministry of Home Affairs
(IS.I Division/IS.II Desk)

Reply of Sl No. 142

North Block, New Delhi,
Dated: 20 June, 2013

To

Shri Ramsagar Yadav
A-302, Mirasagar, Ramdeo Park lane,
Opp UCO Bank Road, Bhayander East,
Thane, Maharashtra-401105.

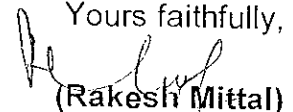
Sub: Application of Shri Ramsagar Yadav seeking information under Right to Information Act, 2005.

Please refer to your RTI application dated 14.05.2013 received in the office of the undersigned on 28.05.2013 on the above mentioned subject.

2. The information sought is related to Interception of communication and is exempted from disclosure under sub-section 1(a) and 1(g) of Section 8 of the RTI Act, 2005.

3. It is informed that in case you are not satisfied with the reply, you can prefer an appeal within 30 days from the receipt of this communication to Shri Rakesh Singh, Joint Secretary (Internal Security-I), Room No 197-B, North Block, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, who is the Appellate Authority in this case.

Yours faithfully,


(Rakesh Mittal)

Director (Internal Security-I) & CPIO

PA TO DIR (IS-V)